MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. D2.- -28, dated 20th January 1929.

Under section 17 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, II of 1926, and the Rules framed thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. Puttasamiah, Patel, is appointed as Chairman of Kestur Village Panchayet, Chamrajnagar Taluk, *vice* Mr. Soorappa, resigned during the term of the present constitution of the Panchayet.

Notification No. D2.-3617-26, dated 20th January 1929.

Under section 4 (1) of the Regulation, II of 1926, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that Ankanahalli, comprised in the Group Panchayet of Tnahdre, Mirle Hobli, Yedatore Taluk, is proposed to be constituted into a separate Panchayet. Objection, if any, to the proposal may be made to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, in writing, within one month from the publication, after which date, no objection will be entertained.

Notification No. D2.-1801-28, dated 20th January 1929.

Under section 17 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, II of 1926, and the Rules framed thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. Krishna Iyengar has been nominated as a member to the Village Panchayet of Bendiganovale, Nagamangala Taluk, *vice* Mr. H. N. Iyengar removed during the term of the present constitution of the Panchayet.

Notification No. D2.-2073-28, dated 20th January 1929.

Under section 4 (1) of the Regulation, II of 1926, it is notified for the information of the public, that Kaduvinakatte Hundi comprised in the Group Panchayet of Sivapura, Ummathor Hobli, Chamrajnagar Taluk, is proposed to be constituted into a separate Panchayet. Objection, if any, to the proposal may be made to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, in writing, within one month from the publication of this notification, after which date, no objection will be entertained.

Notification No. D2.- -28, dated 21st January 1929.

Under section 17 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, II of 1926, and the Rules framed thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. Madappa, Patel, is appointed as Chairman of the Bogapura Village Panchayet, Chamrajnagar Taluk, during the term of the present constitution, *vice* Mr. Subr manyaih, resigned.

K. V. ANANTHARAMAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 21st January 1929.

Under section 48 (n) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, the Town Municipal Council, Kolar have framed the following draft bye-laws for the introduction of daily conservancy system, in place of the existing pit privy system in Kolar Town and under section 59 (vi) of the said Regulation impose the Sanitary Cess as per rates mentioned in the schedule below. The new system will be worked through the Municipal Agency. Any inhabitant of Kolar Town objecting either to the proposed bye-laws or to the levy of the rates mentioned in the schedule, may, within one month from the date of publication of this notice send his objections, in writing, to the President, Town Municipal Council, Kolar. Objections received after the prescribed time will be rejected.

1. No person shall construct any new pit privy or bring into use any old disused pit privy.

2. Every occupier and owner of premises on which there is a pit privy shall within one month of the date on which these bye-laws come into force either appear before the President and give him information thereof or send him information in writing.

3. The President or any other officer authorised by him in this behalf shall on receipt of such information, inspect all pit privies and forthwith issue notices for the closure of every pit privy which lies within 50 feet of any source of water supply other than a well, used for irrigation purposes only, as a nuisance.

Provided that when a pit privy is to be closed on account of a well being within 50 feet of it, such notice shall be withdrawn on the well, being filled in so that water cannot be drawn from it.

4. Every pit privy that the President allows to remain in use shall be kept in proper order by throwing therein by the owner or occupier at regular intervals of six months one maund of quick lime and half maund of salt.

5. Every owner or occupier of a house used for human habitation shall, if no water closet be provided therein, or if there be no public privy to which the residents can resort within 150 yards thereof provide the same with a privy or privies in accordance with the following requirements:—

(i) For every 20 persons, a house is intended to accommodate there shall be at least one privy.

(ii) The privy shall have either ventilation holes communicating directly with the external air as near the top of the privy as practicable and aggregating at least two square feet in area or ridge ventilation to the same extent.

(iii) The sides and the floor of the chamber for the receptacle shall be constructed of hard smooth stone, brick work, plastered with cement, or other non-absorbant material; and the floor shall be so sloped that any liquid discharged on it shall rapidly and easily flow to an outlet.

(iv) The door of the said chamber shall occupy the whole height and the width of the chamber, and shall open outwards on to a space screened in behind the privy and so arranged that a sweeper may conveniently do his work there without being seen by any one outside.

(v) Every privy shall be provided with a moveable receptacle for night-soil with a capacity of not more than one cubic foot.

(vi) Every privy shall be so constructed that the bottom of the receptacle for night-soil, urine or ablution water shall be at a level at least two feet above the ground level.

(vii) Arrangements shall be made to allow of the receptacle for night-soil being so fixed that if projects on all sides at least one inch beyond the space vertically below the aperture through which night-soil falls.

(viii) Every privy shall be so constructed that urine and such ablution water as is not actually used for ablution can be disposed of without entering the receptacle for night-soil.

6. Every person who shall construct a new privy or cesspool shall construct the same in such position only as shall be approved in writing by the President, and in such a way that every cesspool and night-soil receptacle shall be at a distance of at least 5 feet from any place used for human habitation, 10 feet from any public road or place or public resort, 20 feet from any kitchen and 60 feet from any well, tank or stream, the water of which is used for drinking purposes.

Provided that where the maintenance of any such distance is absolutely impossible, the President may, if he thinks no injury to health likely to result from the proposed position of a privy, sanction the reduction of such distances down to half those prescribed above.

7. Every person erecting a building intended for use as a bathing or washing place or as a sink or privy shall cause the plinth to be overlaid with the payment of dressed stones or with tiles or with good concrete or cement or other impermeable materials so as to effectually prevent soakage into the plinth and to the same end shall cause all joints to be closed dressed and properly pointed.

8. He shall cause any outlet for sullage or urine or other foul liquid therefrom to be placed at a height of at least two feet above ground level and to be constructed of iron piping projecting far enough beyond the building to allow the liquid to fall to the ground without touching the walls.

Every person who commits any breach of any of the above bye-laws shall for each such offence liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

SCHEDULE.

Name of tax	Classes of property liable	Rates at which classes are liable
Sanitary Cess ...	On all latrines conserved by the Municipality except those constructed at the cost of Municipal Funds.	(i) Re. 0-4-0 for every month on each latrine attached to each private house assessed to a mohatarfa tax up to Rs. 5 per annum. (ii) Re. 0-8-0 for every month on each latrine attached to each private house assessed to a mohatarfa tax of Rs. 5 and above and below Rs. 10 per annum. (iii) Re. 0-12-0 for every month on each latrine attached to each private house assessed to a mohatarfa tax of Rs. 10 and above.

M. ABDUS SUBHAN,
President.